UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA

Case No. 24-cv-23018-BLOOM/Elfenbein

MARSHA BIENAIME,

Plaintiff,

v.

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CHILDREN AND FAMILIES, TIARRA ANDERSON, MARCELLA MURRAY, and AMANDA D'ALESSANDRO.

Defendants.	
	/

AMENDED ORDER ON DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO STAY DISCOVERY

THIS CAUSE is before the Court upon is before the Court upon a *sua sponte* review of the record. The Court amends its prior Order Granting Defendant Department of Children and Families' ("DCF") Motion to Stay All Deadlines and Discovery Pending Ruling on Motion to Dismiss ("Motion to Stay All Deadlines and Discovery"), ECF No. [26]. The Court issues this Amended Order to correct the misnumbering of the granted motion in the conclusion of its prior Order, ECF No. [33]. The Order is amended as follows:

THIS CAUSE is before the Court upon DCF's Motion to Stay All Deadlines and Discovery, ECF No. [26], filed on October 2, 2024. Plaintiff did not file a Response. The Court has reviewed the record, the applicable law, and is otherwise fully advised. For the reasons that follow, DCF's Motion to Stay All Deadlines and Discovery is granted.

I. BACKGROUND

In her Second Amended Complaint, Plaintiff alleges that Defendants Marcella Murray, Amanda D'Alessandro and DCF removed her child from her custody on July 31, 2024. ECF No.

[15] at 5. Defendant Murray stated to Plaintiff on July 9, 2024, that she received a report that Plaintiff's child was left unattended/unsupervised on June 17, 2004. *Id.* Murray later realized the child was not unattended but stated that "Mother's mental health [was] unstable" because of the pending lawsuit Plaintiff has against her former employer, Miami-Dade County, for religious discrimination. *Id.* Plaintiff asserts First and Fourth Amendment claims against four Defendants: DCF; Tiarra Anderson; Marcella Murray; and Amanda D'Alessandro for attempting to label her religious belief a medical condition and for removing her child, which Plaintiff labels an unreasonable seizure. *Id.* at 1-3, 5. Plaintiff seeks money damages in the amount of \$2 million. *Id.* at 15. Only DCF and Murray have been served and appeared in the case. ECF Nos. [29], [30].

II. LEGAL STANDARD

A district court "has broad discretion to stay proceedings as an incident to its power to control its own docket." *Clinton v. Jones*, 520 U.S. 681, 706 (1997). "[M]otions to stay discovery pending ruling on a dispositive motion are generally disfavored in this district." *Cuhaci v. Kouri Grp., LP*, No. 20-CV-23950, 2021 WL 1945819, at *2 (S.D. Fla. May 14, 2021) (citations omitted). Motions to stay discovery "are not favored because when discovery is delayed or prolonged it can create case management problems which impede the Court's responsibility to expedite discovery and cause unnecessary litigation expenses and problems." *Feldman v. Flood*, 176 F.R.D. 651, 652 (M.D. Fla. 1997).

The party moving for a stay of discovery has "the burden of showing good cause and reasonableness." *Id.* at 652. "[A] defendant who requests a blanket stay of discovery must do more than simply point to the pendency of a dispositive motion: it must also make a specific showing of prejudice or burdensomeness." *Wilshire Ins. Co. v. Crestview Towers Condo., Ass'n, Inc.*, No. 21-23214-CIV, 2023 WL 7129941, at *8 (S.D. Fla. Mar. 8, 2023) (citation omitted). "Ultimately, the proponent of the stay bears the burden of demonstrating its necessity, appropriateness, and

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reasonableness." *Ray*, 2012 WL 5471793, at *1. "Defendants bear a tall burden in seeking discovery stays." *Lord v. Univ. of Miami*, No. 13-22500-CIV, 2021 WL 9859769, at *2 (S.D. Fla. Oct. 27, 2021).

"[A] motion to stay discovery . . . is rarely appropriate unless resolution of the motion will dispose of the entire case." Bocciolone v. Solowsky, No. 08-20200-CIV, 2008 WL 2906719, at *2 (S.D. Fla. July 24, 2008). "To evaluate whether there is a strong likelihood 'the [dismissal] motion will be granted and entirely eliminate the need for such discovery,' the district court must take a 'preliminary peek' at the merits of the motion." Ray v. Spirit Airlines, Inc., No. 12-61528-CIV. 2012 WL 5471793, at *1 (S.D. Fla. Nov. 9, 2012) (quoting Feldman, 176 F.R.D. at 652-53). When taking a preliminary peek at a motion to dismiss for purposes of a motion to stay discovery, the Court must decide if the motion to dismiss "appears to be clearly meritorious and truly case dispositive." Feldman, 176 F.R.D. at 652–53. In other words, the Court asks "if on [the motion to dismiss's face there appears to be an immediate and clear possibility that it will be granted." *Id*. at 653 (quoting Simpson v. Specialty Retail Concepts, Inc., 121 F.R.D. 261, 263 (M.D.N.C. 1988)). "The court must also weigh 'the harm produced by a delay in discovery' against 'the likely costs and burdens of proceeding with discovery." Ray, 2012 WL 5471793, at *1 (quoting Feldman, 176 F.R.D. at 652). On the one hand, "a defendant should not be forced to expend substantial resources answering discovery when the plaintiff's claims clearly lack merit[.]" Ray, 2012 WL 5471793, at *1 (alteration added; citations omitted). On the other hand, "the delay and prolongation of discovery can also create case management and scheduling problems and unfairly hold up the prosecution of the case." *Id*.

III. DISCUSSION

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Defendant argues that Plaintiff's Complaint should be dismissed because the Motion to dismiss is heavily supported by case law and would dispose of the entire case. ECF No. [26] at 4. In the Motion to Dismiss, Defendant argues an agency cannot be sued as a person under section 1983; Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts to state a claim; DCF is immune from suit under the Eleventh Amendment; and an underlying active state case warrants the court to abstain under *Younger v. Harris*, 401 U.S. 37 (1971). ECF No. [25]. Plaintiff did not respond to the Motion to Stay.

Taking a preliminary peek at DCF's Motion to Dismiss, the Court finds it that it "appears to be clearly meritorious and truly case dispositive[,]" Feldman, 176 F.R.D. at 652–53, and would "entirely eliminate the need for such discovery" as to DCF. Ray, 2012 WL 5471793, at *1. DCF points out that a section 1983 case, such as the case here, cannot be brought against a state agency. ECF No. [25] at 7-8. Indeed, "[a] state, a state agency, and a state official sued in his official capacity are not 'persons' within the meaning of § 1983, thus damages are unavailable[.]" Edwards v. Wallace Cmty. Coll., 49 F.3d 1517, 1524 (11th Cir. 1995). Moreover, "[f]ederal courts abstain from hearing cases that would interfere with state proceedings where those proceedings are ongoing, they implicate important state interests, and there is an adequate opportunity to raise constitutional challenges in those proceedings." Daniels v. Geraldi, 578 F.App'x 811 (11th Cir. 2014) (citation omitted). The Motion to Dismiss appears to be a "sure winner" warranting a stay of discovery at this stage as to DCF. Wilshire Ins., 2023 WL 7129941, at *9. Accordingly, a preliminary peek warrants a stay of discovery. Further, balancing the "harm produced by a delay in discovery' against 'the likely costs and burdens of proceeding with discovery'" weighs in favor of a stay, as DCF should not expand resources in discovery if the claim against it lacks merit. Ray, 2012 WL 5471793, at *1.

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However, DCF does not set forth arguments warranting a stay as to other defendants, nor do other defendants seek a stay. Accordingly, after taking a "preliminary peek" at DCF's Motion to Dismiss, ECF No. [25], the Court grants DCF's Motion to Stay All Deadlines and Discovery, ECF No. [33], as to DCF only. Deadlines are not stayed as to the other defendants in the case.

IV. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED AND ADJUDGED** as follows:

- 1. This Order AMENDS this Court's previous Order, ECF No. [33].
- 2. Defendant DCF's Expedited Motion to Stay All Deadlines, ECF No. [26], is GRANTED.
- 3. To the extent not otherwise disposed of, any scheduled hearings are **CANCELED**, and all deadlines are **TERMINATED** as to Defendant DCF.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Miami, Florida, on November 1, 2024.

BETH BLOOM UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

cc: counsel of record